

How to set-up an organization to enable digital transformation?

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A lot of discussion is going about digital transformation via buzzwords like Robotic Process Automation, big data analytics, artificial intelligence, Blockchain, Virtual/Augmented Reality and so on. Majority of the companies are struggling to get the clear overview of the topic and how to embark in a right manner.

In 2017, already the digital champions have developed lot of digital services, products and have mature digital business models but there are many companies who is still struggling to get pace on digital transformation. This article gives a brief overview about how to start in digital topics and further focus on digital organization.

Husen Kapasi

SGP Management Consultants GmbH
Munich

SETTING-UP THE ORGANISATION FOR DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

How do I start my business in digital transformation? and How-to set-up my organization for the same are the two-major question confronted by C-Suite in today's time. Digital transformation is such a topic where, a IT- department or a strategy department cannot along drive the project. It needs a complete new mindset and culture along with a strong digital ecosystem.

Big consulting companies along with start-ups have started helping the companies develop quick pro-type and trying to find best idea to start with but fails with full scale implementation as the organization is not set up for digital@scale. Fig.1 describes the framework with not only what to develop in digital transformation but also how to develop it.

As a defensive strategy, companies have started hiring Chief Digital Officer (CDO) and have been following agile methods. But is that enough to tackle the digital revolution? The role of CDO is multifaceted. The role is not only about digital strategy but he should be able to understand customer and employees. Cost Saving, Quality management, managing agile teams focusing on variety of topics and as a networker (externally and internally). Also, CDO must be able to breakdown the silos. A good CDO must have 'the ability to bring everyone together' says Roland Villinger, CDO at Audi.

For e.g Audi, BMW and Daimler are working together as partners in the mapping service Here, which they acquired from Nokia. The cloud based Predix Platform allows GE to break up digital silos. 'We connect engineering, manufacturing, supply chain, maintenance, services, which exist in every industrial company including GE'. These had been disconnected. What we are doing is connecting them.' Say Bill Ruh, CDO, GE.

To have affective agile method, the three principles need to be followed:

- Individuals and interactions are more important than processes and tools
- Just as working software is more important than documentation
- The collaboration with customers is more important than the amount of contract negotiations.

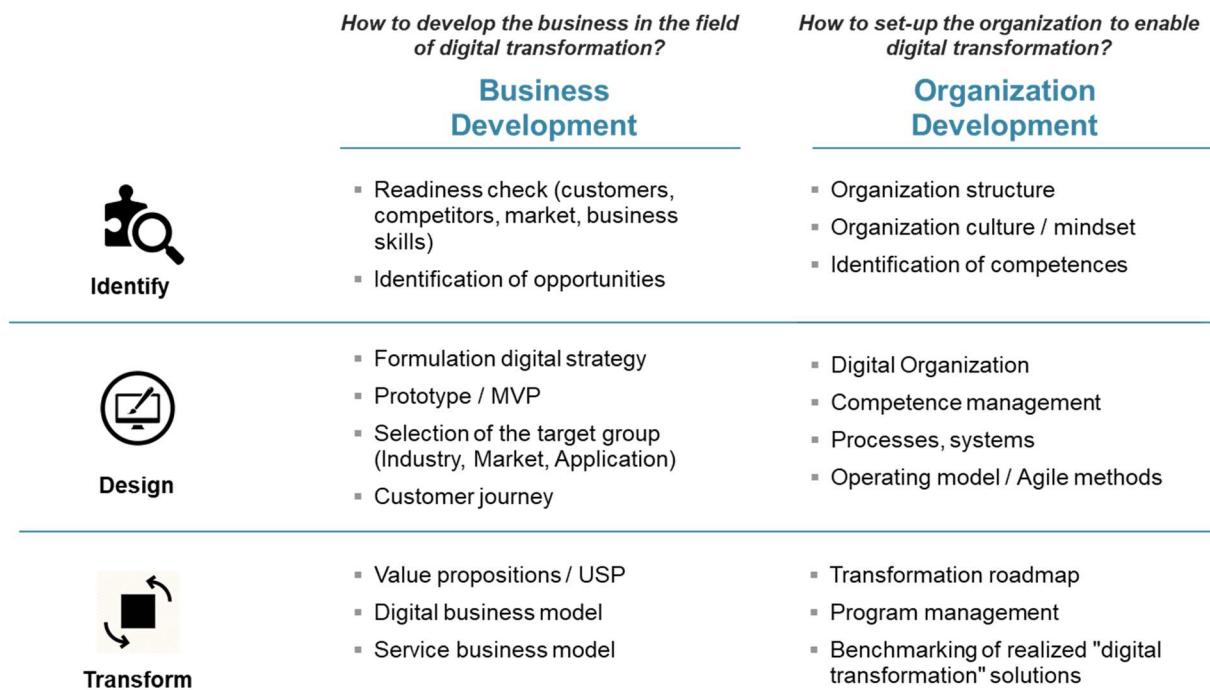


Fig. 1: Embarking in tot he field of Digital Transformation

Agile companies refrain from the quest for perfection but use heuristic methods to complement and improve their products with continuous testing cycles. But that's not all, digital organization needs agile teams with clear goals, appropriate talent, collaboration with start-ups as well as competitors.

For an organization to sustain this revolution, there are certain key metrics to be observed to get it right. In figure 2, those metrics are compared from both the perspective of traditional and digital economy.

Till now, we focused on process and methods which enables the organization towards the digital future. Let us have a look on how the organization evolves with the new technological revolution. It is very important to note here that, there are basically four pillars i.e.

- Strategy
- Structure
- Processes
- People

which helps in the evolving process.

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There are numerous examples where company had focused on one of the pillar and have missed the rest three have failed considerably in the market. Yahoo, launched bonafide web products quite late in the market due to matrix organization and slow decision process. They lost the market in a really short time frame.

On the other side, Nokia had flexible organization and was active in M&A but they completely missed the market trends in smartphones as well as in maps and went bankrupt. It took two years for Google+ to get in the market, by the time Facebook had insurmountable lead.

	Traditional Economy	Digital Economy
	Strategy	Focuses on Industry and Product Applications
	Services	Reactive
	Innovation / R&D	Long testing process, with focus on finding a correct solution
	Marketing / Sales	Customer Satisfaction
	Competition	Zero-Sum Game
	Value Proposition	Defined by Industry
	Customer Relation	Customer as mass market
	Data	Data generation costly and only used to optimize processes
	Roles & Responsibilities	CEO / CSO / CTO are the key players
	Leadership	Focuses on growth management
	Team Structure	Hierarchy Structure (Department Silos)
	Competences	Competences based on product, market or specialization
	Culture	Stage gate process with hierarchy
	Talent	Skill based work force
	KPI's	Operational Excellence with focus cost reduction
	Network	Internal value chain
		Focuses on customer needs
		Proactive
		Fast prototype with failure expectation and focus on fulfilling customer need
		Develop loyalty of customer by just not selling product but also services
		Coopetition
		Defined by continuously changing customer needs
		Individual customer. Dynamic relationship with customer
		Continous data generation and data is the new gold for the value chain
		CEO / CDO plays the major role in defining future business model
		Focuses on innovation management along with digital partnerships and external network
		Agile Culture (Cross-Funktionale Team)
		Holistic approach with team member from various backgrounds
		Trial & Error / Pragmatic Approach
		Highly Skilled Talent (Data Scientist)
		New revenue streams with digital products and services
		Partnership with players from different industries and value chains

Fig. 2: Key metrics comparison

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The transfer of information and now value as well (via blockchains) is moving exponentially and it is time to **scale the organization also exponentially**. There are various framework and tools which allows organization to move towards the decentralized organization.

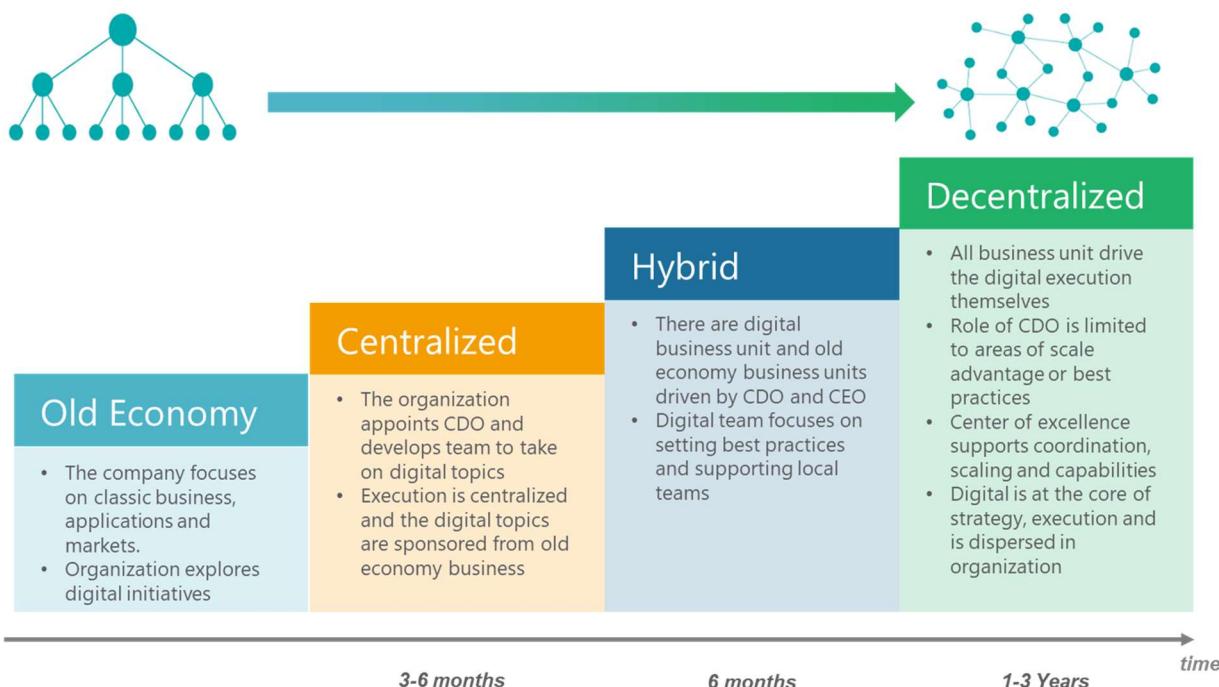


Fig. 3: Evolution of decentralized organization

To shift from old to decentralized organization, a crystal-clear short-term strategy is needed. The short-term strategy will help to develop the roadmap and help to achieve the low-hanging fruits in the digital market. To embark in the digital transformation era, company needs to decide based on **market, application or the industry**. Once, it is decided and the prototype has been developed then the roadmap for the ecosystem development should be planned. It is imperative to work with external partners as well as the third-party suppliers and many other players to realize the digital project. Henceforth, it is of utmost importance how we develop the agile digital teams. Fig 4 gives a brief overview about generating the digital business model and how the organization transforms form the old economy to digital one.

Initially, the portfolio analysis need to be done, where the 'dogs' (BCG Matrix) in the business model needs to be removed. The focus need to be done on the business unit bringing major profit and revenues – 'cash cows'. This supports the new experiments on the innovative topics. In the hybrid business model, all the business units have a proportion of business revenue from the digital. It is driven by CDO and is in the phase where the whole ecosystem is developed. This is the fundamental for the future business and paves a path for the digital business model. A company can choose to start either externally or internally, but in either case the organization needs to be restructured.

Depending on the agility as well as on the culture, digitalization maturity comes in to organization. Once, the business units are fully digital and autonomous, the requirement of CDO is peripheral. The new digital organization has 'squads' which work on the customer need and when the project is completed, they are allocated to the new ones based on skills. The teams are based on mixture of not only various talent but also various culture to bring new perspectives to the project. The team works with external partners, suppliers and catalyst start-up to reach the target goals. This is the future way of working. This is the digital organization.

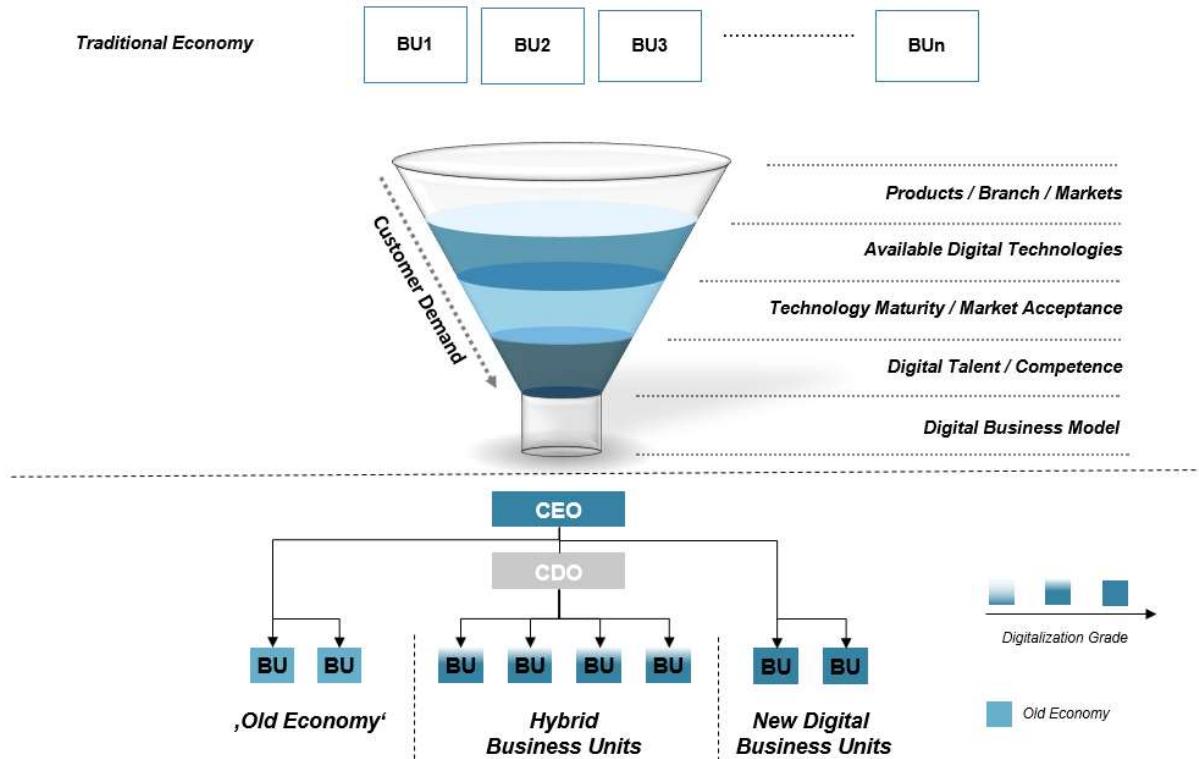


Fig. 4: Transforming the business unit from old economy to digital economy

SUMMARY

It is rightly said, 'co-opetition' is the new trend. To have sustaining organization, it must have agile culture like start-up and should be open for failures. No matter how fast the technology develops, if the vision, clear roadmap and implementing to the decided goal makes the company a front-runner in the market. As with the maturity in the S-curve of digitization, new models, methods and technology will be incorporated but still human talent will be the key in realizing it. There is no doubt, digital revolution will change the face of world just like smartphone or internet did in the beginning of the 21st Century or even more.

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CONTACTS

Dr. Ing. Thomas J. Staiger
Managing Director
thomas.staiger@sgp-partners.de

Husen Kapasi
Digital Transformation Lead
Husen.kapasi@sgp-partners.de

Telefon +49 89 41 61 270-0